

THE  
**MARYLAND GAZETTE,**  
*Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.*

Numb. 420.

THURSDAY, May 24, 1753.

Friend GREEN,

**I** AM very glad to see, that somebody has been so much a Friend to the Country, as to represent the fatal Consequences of dropping our Inspection Law; of which, many are mentioned in the Letter from Friend *Meanwell*, published in thy Paper of the 5th of last Month, but not all; and therefore, I will venture as well as I can to hint some others, in hopes, that some abler Hand will supply what shall be wanting.

It is very well known that several Attempts have been made to better our Staple, as burning Trash, limiting the Number of Plants, &c. which did not answer; at last, in Imitation of our Neighbours of Virginia, we fell upon their Method, which they found, by many Years Experience, to be of the greatest Advantage to them, as by Means of it, they grew Rich at the same Time that we, with the hardest Labour and Drudgery, could not supply our Families with common Necessaries.

The Country has been at a very great Expence, in erecting Warehouses, and providing Scales and Weights, &c. which Expence, has been repaid manifold by the Advantages derived from the Inspection Law; which, if continued, may be carried into Execution hereafter, with little Charge; and if any of that Charge can be retrenched, no doubt the Assembly will do it, as well as amend any other Defects, that may be found in the Law itself.

I need not tell thee, that if the Law should not be continued, the whole Expence the Country has been at, will be sunk: And if it should hereafter be found necessary to have another Inspection Law, which I am firmly persuaded will be the Case in a few Years, the Expence must be renewed, and perhaps not on so good Terms as we have it now.

Tradersmen and Others who do not make Tobacco, may now discharge their Public Dues, and Officers Fees, in Money, at a certain stated Price; whereas, if the Law should drop, they must pay what those to whom they owe Tobacco, or the Sheriffs who have the Collection, whatever Price they shall think fit to exact: That this has been done frequently, no Man, who has been any considerable Time in the Country, and has been acquainted with what has passed in it, can be ignorant of: It is also well known, that to avoid Impositions of that Kind, many have, contrary to their own Inclination, as well as their Interest, been obliged to turn Tobacco Makers, which has increased the Quantity, already too large. The Situation of the Country is very much altered of late Years; the back Lands which are fresh and fertile, are very much settled, and settling every Day, mostly by new Comers, who are quite Strangers to the Culture of Tobacco, and employ themselves to their own and the whole Country's Advantage, in Farming and other Branches of Husbandry; should these new Settlers be compelled to make Tobacco, it must of Course greatly increase the Quantity; and that nothing can be more injurious to the Country than such an Increase, cannot be denied.

By the Conversation between *Meanwell* and the Tobacco Buyers (who, as I have been informed, spoke the Sentiments of others, in the same Way of Business), it is evident, they propose to make an Advantage to themselves, by the Distress, which may be easily foreseen, the dropping the Inspection Law will occasion to all those who are forced to buy common Necessaries for their Families, in the Country. I have been informed, that most, if not all, the Tobacco Buyers, on the Eastern Shore, keep their Accounts in Money, and some of them who take Obligations, take them for the Penalty in Money, with Condition to pay inspected Tobacco: If there be no Law to inspect Tobacco, the Debtor, in either Case, will be at the Mercy of the Creditor, who will not fail to secure himself at all Events, if all that the Debtor has in the World, will do it. The dreadful and calamitous

Condition this will reduce many Thousands of People to, and the Necessity of buying common Necessaries at a very dear Rate, upon Credit, is easier imagined than expressed. If any one shall attempt to answer the former Paper, or this, I may perhaps, by thy Means, lay before the Public, some further Remarks on this interesting Subject.

I have been told that it has been insinuated, that the Extract of the Letter from London in thy News Papers, was wrote here, which thou knowest to be without Foundation, as thou hadst the Original in thy Hands; and I solemnly declare, that the Letter from which that Paragraph was taken, came from a very eminent Merchant in London to me; which Letter I will readily shew to any one who shall desire to see it.

I am thy ready Friend,

And a Well Wisher to the

Province of MARYLAND,

R. S.

FRANCFORT, January 30.

**T**O whatever Side we turn our Eyes, gloomy Aspects, lowering Clouds, Prefaces of Storms, fullen Silence in some Places, Hurry and Bustle in others, present themselves to our View: After negotiating two or three Years to settle the general Tranquility on a solid and lasting Foundation, the World seems to be at the Eve of general Confusion. Within the Empire we see nothing but warlike Preparations: The Imperial and Prussian Courts are raising Recruits with the utmost Diligence, and even talk of forming Camps early in the Spring: Levies also go on briskly in the Electorates of Saxony, Hanover, Palatine, and Cologne; and the French are not idle in Alsace. As for the Northern Crowns, they remain in Readiness for Action, as they have been for these three Years past. The French and Spaniards are surprisingly diligent in augmenting their Marine; Portugal is doing the same, and some of the States of Italy follow their Example. The Dutch indeed, seem to be very easy amidst all these military Preparations; as their State is not an Island, they take no thought about restoring their Navy; and perhaps, intend to keep out of any future Broils by a Neutrality, as they did eighteen Years ago in the War between the Emperor and the House of Bourbon.—But, after all, perhaps these warlike Dispositions in Germany, France, Spain, Turkey, and the North, are not intended to disturb the Repose of Mankind: The grand Negotiations, that have been so long on the Carpet, may now be at a Crisis, for aught we know; and therefore a Parade of War is made, in order to give them due Weight, and so hasten the Execution of some Arrangements calculated to consolidate the Peace of Europe. Thus we are inclined to reason from the present Appearance of Things, as thinking it but reasonable to hope for the best, when we can't be positive of the worst.

*Warsaw, Feb. 5.* The Count de Zamofski, Governor of Lublin, having forcibly seized on the Fortrefs of Zamofck and Territory adjacent, belonging to the young Staroffe of Zamofck, the latter, not being able alone to recover the Possession of his Inheritance, implored the Assistance of Prince Radkivil, Palatine of Vilna, and Great General of Lithuania, who furnished him with 1500 armed Men. With this Succour the young Staroffe advanced towards the Citadel of Zamofck. The Count de Zamofski, the better to secure his new Possession, engaged in his Interest the Counts Potocki and Poniatowski; the first of whom sent him a Reinforcement of 250 Fantassins, with 300 Cavaliers, 100 Turks, and 17 Pieces of Cannon; and from the second he received 700 Cofacks. These two Armies would certainly have come to an Engagement, if the Palatine of Cracovia, seconded by the Bishop of that City, and the Bishop of Gnesna, had not interposed and prevented any hostile Proceeding for the present; but it is believed it will not be long before they come to Blows.

L O N D O N.

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Crawford, of the May, of Glasgow, dated Havannah, Dec. 1.

I sailed from Jamaica the 16th of September, O. S. beat to Windward ten Days; was off the East End of Jamaica when I was obliged to bear away for the Gulf; and by the Time I got off the Havannah was in Company with 26 Sail. On the 18th of October we met with a most violent Hurricane, and on the 21st lost our Bowprit and Foremast. We did our Endeavour to steer her, to prevent our going ashore, by raising a Mast in the Rails of the Head, but to no Purpose; and for want of Head Sail, were, on the 23d, put ashore on Florida Keys, after losing all our Cables and Anchors, and endeavouring to get out our Boat lost her. At Day Light we found ourselves so near the Shore, that she ebbed dry. I went ashore, where I found three Wrecks more: The next Day some Spaniards visited us, and observing we had no Fire Arms for the Defence of the Vessel, came on board, and took away our Cloaths, and several other Things, and then set the Ship on fire. We were in Danger every Moment of losing our Lives by the Indians, who were very numerous about us, but luckily got off in a Spanish Schooner the 13th of November, and arrived here the 16th. On my Arrival I acquainted the Governor, that the Schooner had on board Rum and other Things from my Vessel, on which they were put in Prison, and I have commenced a Law-Suit against them for burning the Ship, and carrying off several Things from her.

*Feb. 2.* According to the last Advices from the Coast of Africa, the Son of the Bey of Tunis, who, after miscarrying in his Attempt to dethrone his Father, had taken Shelter with the Bey of Constantine, has lately fled from thence, in a Christian Vessel, in order to seek an Asylum in Italy. When he Retired to Constantine, he brought with him a considerable Treasure in Jewels and Gold, out of which he made a fine Present to the Bey of Constantine, in Order to fix him in his Interest. This Present procured him a very Civil Reception, and the Bey gave him a Guard, seemingly with a View to do Honour to his Dignity, but in Reality to prevent his Escaping. The old Bey of Tunis, who breathed nothing but Vengeance, also made Presents to the Bey of Constantine, in order to prevail on him to deliver up his Son, and promised him others still more magnificent, the Moment he should have him in his Power. The Bey of Constantine kept him in hopes of it, and accepted his Presents; but out of Gratitude for the Presents he had received from the Son, he indirectly gave the latter Notice of the Danger he was in of being delivered up to his Father: Upon which the Bey made his Escape by Night on board the first Vessel that was ready to sail for Italy, or any other Part of Christendom; whereby he has eluded the Vengeance of his Father, who, relying on the Promise of the Bey of Constantine, had resolved to be the Executioner of this Rebellious Son, and dispatch him in the cruellest Manner practised in Barbary.

*Feb. 3.* By Letters from Jamaica, Advice is brought, that Admiral Knowles, Governor of that Place, since his having been in the Administration of Affairs there, has not suffered the Men of War to be idle in the Ports; but has ordered them to cruise, which has been attended with Success; that they have taken and brought in two Spanish Guarda Costas, upon which the Admiral dispatched Expresses to the Spanish Governors near there, that all he took he should treat as Pyrates. He also acquainted the rest of the Governors in the West Indies of the above Resolution, and they have all resolved to act agreeable to the Example he has set them.

Extract of a Letter from Hamburg, Feb. 10.

If the Affairs of a King of the Romans was the only important Affair depending in Europe, there would be Reason enough to hope that the military Preparations making by so many Courts might not end in Hostilities; but besides that Affair, which might

might be easily compassed, if nothing else concurred to make the Opposition stronger, we see with great Uncertainty a Complication of Pretensions and Differences. The Russians are still, in a Manner, Masters of Cowland: The Differences between the British and Prussian Courts, relating to Captures at Sea, is not yet adjusted, nor is the Affair of East-Frisland decided. The British and French Commissioners at Paris, make little or no Progress in their Negotiation about the Limits in North America, the Neutral Islands, and French Vessels taken by the English between the Years 1738 and 1744; nor do we know when the English and Spaniards will come to an Agreement about Navigation in the American Seas. The Treaty of Aranjuez, which was intended to secure the Repose of Italy, may avail as much as many other well meant Treaties have done: And in the mean Time the French and Spaniards mind the main Point, i. e. increasing their Naval Power; being sensible that their Weight and Influence on the Continent, must be proportionate to their Strength at Sea.

Feb. 16. On Saturday last a Girl about eleven Years old, Daughter of a Woman who lives in Stevens's Court near Peter Street, Westminster, having been severely corrected by her Mother, went to an Apothecary's Shop, and bought two Pennyworth of Arsenic, as she said to kill the Rats. Meeting with a Girl of her Acquaintance, who asked her what she had got; she told her it was Stuff to make her Mother sleep; and a Quarrel happening between two Soldiers in the Street, it detained the Girl in the Street while her Acquaintance went to her Mother, and said she met Susan with some Stuff to make her sleep. In a few Minutes after the Girl came home, and laid the Arsenic under a Tile in the Yard; the Mother observing her, questioned her for what Purpose it was; to which she answered, that she brought it to destroy the Rats and Mice in the Room where she lay. But as she told different Stories, there is great Reason to believe her Intention was to Poison her Mother for chastising her.

Yesterday came on, at the Court of King's Bench, in Westminster Hall, before the Lord Chief Justice Lee, and a Special Jury, a Cause wherein Charles Wymondslor, Esq; was Plaintiff, and the Hon. Josiah Child, Esq; Defendant. The Action was laid at 20,000l. Damage for criminal Conversation with the Plaintiff's Wife: And the Facts being fully proved, the Jury gave a Verdict for the Plaintiff, with 2500l. Damages.

Feb. 24. The Dispute which lately happened in the Harbour of Civitta Vecchia between some Genoese and Neapolitan Vessels, and in which a Genoese Vessel was sunk, is attended at Rome with more serious Consequences than was at first apprehended. The Court of the two Sicilies, upon Advice of what had happened, caused the Masters of the Neapolitan Vessels in Dispute to be arrested on their Arrival at Sicily, and gave Directions to prosecute them; but hearing afterwards that the Court of Rome, in order to satisfy the Republic of Genoa, had suspended Mr. Finocchietti, the Governor of Civitta Vecchia, for not detaining the Neapolitan Vessels which sunk the Genoese; and for a further Satisfaction, had ordered three Neapolitan Ships, which afterwards came to Civitta Vecchia, to be arrested; the Court of Naples, by way of Reprisal, laid an Embargo upon all the Papal Vessels that were in the Ports of the Two Sicilies, and has moreover demanded of the Court of Rome a Satisfaction suitable to the Affront. If the Papal Court is embarrassed on account of this Accident, it must probably be more so at Genoa, Mr. Finocchietti having been wrongfully accused of behaving partially in this Affair; and besides, it is pretended at Naples, from the Informations that have been received there, that the Genoese were the Aggressors at Civitta Vecchia, which if they should prove to have been, it is apprehended the King of the Two Sicilies will demand an ample Satisfaction of the Republic. The Indisposition of her Sicilian Majesty at Pesano proves a Miscalriage, which was occasioned by the following Accident; her Majesty being with the King a Hunting at a Hunting Match, one of the Huntsmen was unfortunately and accidentally killed near her Person by the Duke de Miranda, which so affected this humane and amiable Princess, that though she was immediately let Blood, the Consequence could not be prevented. People are greatly alarmed in Sicily on Account of a new Eruption from Mount Etna, which, for a Fortnight past, has thrown out vast Flames, and great Quantities of bituminous Matter, accompanied with a Noise resembling Thunder; inasmuch that the Inhabitants of all the neighbouring Villages have quit their Houses, as such Eruptions usually make a most dreadful Earthquake; and Mount Vesuvius, six Miles East of the City of Naples, begins to send forth a thicker Smoke than usual; so that the Ne-

apolitans daily apprehend a violent Eruption or Earthquake. The Malecontents in Corsica are still taking Measures to oppose any harsh Orders or Regulations that may come from the French Court; their Chiefs have lately held another general Meeting, at which it was resolved to remain United; which Resolution has been approved of by the People; who, on their Part, have not only resolved to act against all that dare to censure or oppose it; but they have an Army of 15000 Men actually formed; and they have made all the French Piquets Prisoners 'til the Forts of Corte and St. Fiorerzo are restored to them.

Feb. 24. The Princess Amelia, and two other Men of War, are ordered to be rebuilt at Chatham.

Extract of a Letter from Newport, in the Isle of Wight, dated the 20th Instant.

"There has lately been great Damage done to the Shipping on this Coast; six Vessels have been wreck'd within this Month on the South Shore of this Island; and last Week a Vessel from Liverpool or Chester, with 130 Ton of Cheese on board, suffered the same Fate; when she struck in the Night, nine of the Crew went off in the Boat, it being then calm, but as they had not been heard of since, and it blowing hard soon after, they must all have perished. The Master of the Ship, his Nephew, and one Man were left on board; in the Morning, the two last came on Shore; as on the Ebbing of the Tide the Ship was left almost dry, several People from the County immediately went on board, told the Master that before it was half Flood next Tide, his Vessel would certainly be beat to Pieces, and persuaded him to come on Shore with them. He told them the Ship was his own, and Part of the Cargo, that it was his ALL, and he would perish with her; these Reasons they thought so cogent, that they very humanely suffered him to pursue his own Inclinations, and left him fingering Plums in his Cabin, and in half an Hour after, they saw the Vessel tore to Pieces, with the Sea beating against her, his Body was thrown on Shore, and a Silver Watch and ten Guinea found in his Pocket, which were given to his Nephew. The Country People in great Numbers gathered along the Shore for several Days after, catching the Cheese as the Tide threw them up, and I am told, whilst they were thus employed, the same Sea threw on Shore a Man with some Symptoms of Life in him, and a Cheese, the latter of which was eagerly catch'd and seiz'd, but as they were not Cannibals, the Man was suffered to be wash'd off again.

P. S. I forgot to inform you, that five Men of this Island were drown'd at this Cheese-catching Exercise."

Feb. 27. New Instructions have been sent to the British Commissioners at Paris, in order to renew the Thread of their Conferences upon the Subject of regulating the Limits of the two Nations in America; and as they have Orders to declare to those of his most Christian Majesty, that the British Nation is far from being desirous of appropriating to itself what belongs to others, it's hoped that the Court of France, guided by the same Principles, will approach nearer than they have hitherto done to the principal Object of the Commission.

March 10. We hear that proper Regulations will be made this Session, for the better Cultivation and Improvement of the Island of Jamaica, and a Sum granted for repairing and augmenting its Fortifications.

Our Letters from Hanover acquaint us, that Preparations go on very briskly in the Electorate of Hanover, and in the Palatinate; and that from these, as well as other Indications, they are very apprehensive of fresh Troubles in the Empire.

The King of Prussia has received, by a Courier from London, the Answer of the British Court to the Exposition of the Motives, &c. but his Majesty's Sentiments on the Subject of this Answer are not known. Thus far we are informed, that his Majesty on the Receipt of it immediately retired, and read it with great Attention; and the High Chancellor Cocceji had the same Evening a long Conference with him in his Closet, and that a Courier had been dispatched to Vienna. The Officers who were recruiting, are ordered to rejoin their Corps in fifteen Days at farthest.

It is reported, that all the Regiments of Foot, as well on the English as the Irish Establishment, will be speedily augmented.

Last Wednesday an extraordinary Courier arrived at St. James's, from the Court of Berlin.

Honiton, Feb. 21. We have an Account from Overy St. Mary, that on Monday the 12th Instant, a Woman who had three Children, and would of ten say, that because she did not love Children, therefore she was plagued with them; going out on

an Errand, placed her younger Daughter about nine Months old in a Chair by the Fire, under the Care of her other two Children, viz. a Boy about three Years old, and a Girl about two; she had not been wanting, but a few Minutes, before the young Child fell into the Fire, and was so miserably burnt, that notwithstanding the utmost Care of an able Surgeon it mortified, and the Child is since dead, to the inexpressible Grief of its tender Father.

HALIFAX (in Nova Scotia), March 24.

On Tuesday last the Sloop Janlen, belonging to Capt. Cook of this Place, David Bigham, Commander, who sailed from hence for North Carolina about six Weeks ago, arrived here; the Master of which informs us, That on the 8th of February they found the Sloop's Bows started, as also her Decks from her Sides and Beams;—that the same Night they found their main Beam to give way, and that they made so much Water as to keep one Pump constantly going; upon which they judged her incapable of proceeding the Voyage, and came to a Resolution to return to Halifax;—that on the 9th they found there was not one Beam fast in her, and that her Sides open'd two or three Inches from her Decks, and the Water to increase very much;—on the 11th they found her Stern started and her Rudder Irons and the Head of the Rudder loose;—on the 12th she opened so that they were obliged to lash her Sides and Quarters together to keep her from falling in two, the Water still increasing;—on the 13th found a Leak in her Stern which proved to be a Plank started, and endeavoured to stop it with Butter and Oakum, but could scarcely keep her free; the same Day one of her Pumps split, which they would as well as they could, and threw some Salt and Bricks overboard to lighten her in order to find out her Leaks, when they found a Trunnel Hole open below the Bends;—the 14th they found the Partners of the Mast started from the Beams, and the Step of the Mast loose in the Hold, and the Kelson split;—on the 15th they used all possible Means to secure the Mast, and on the 16th they were obliged to bear away under their bare Poles, when they shipped a great deal of Water, and supposed their Cargo to be all damag'd;—on the 17th finding her Leaks increasing, and scarcely able to keep them free, they again endeavour'd to stop them, which they partly effected;—on the 18th they met with a hard Gale of Wind, and the Sloop lying broad off, they were obliged to let go an Anchor to keep her Head to Sea; the same Day they Wind coming fair, and not able to spare any Hands from the Pumps, they were obliged to cut away the Cable, and come to Sail;—on the 19th they found the Head of the Rudder gone, and endeavour'd to get a Stage over the Stern to secure the Rudder, but found it impracticable, being obliged to keep both Pumps going;—on the 24th they made the Land and ran in with a high Head, where they came to an Anchor in about 20 Fathoms Water, still keeping both Pumps going, and three Foot Water in the Hold;—that they carried there until the 7th of March, which Time they spent in laying her ashore and repairing her Leaks, when they found her Timbers were rotten that they would not bear bearing nor even so much as hold a Spike, which obliged them to nail Boards and Canvas over her Leaks, in which Condition they happened to arrive safe in this Port, being almost worn out with Fatigue.

B O S T O N .

April 30. We are informed, that on the 13th Inst. Robert and Stephen Cooke were committed to Jail in the County of Hampshire, upon Suspicion of having on the 11th Instant, murdered an Indian, not far from the Town of Stockbridge. It appears that the Men had stole a couple of Horses in the Dutch Country, and fearing lest they should be detected, rid in the Night, and came (whether with Design or accidentally we can't say) to a very bye place out of the common Road, where they lodged. The next Morning early they came to the said Indian's Wigwam, who happened not to be at Home, but not long after returned from Hunting, and being return'd from Hunting, and being informed that a couple of Englishmen had been there with two very good Horses, but neither Saddle nor Bridle; and concluding that they had stole the Horses, he went after them, and found them not far from his Wigwam. What Provocations the Indian offer'd we can't say: However an unhappy Quarrel began; they dispoiled him of his Gun, with which they shot him thro' the Body, and with his own Hatchet they chop'd him quite into the Neck Bone, and with two other mortal Wounds on the Head left him, taking his Gun and Powder Horn, which they afterwards hid, burying the Gun under Ground. The Verdict of the Coroner's Jury under Oath was, The said Indian was wilfully and maliciously

maliciously murdered by the said Persons. [Thus to cover one Sin, more heinous are many Times committed.]

Saturday last a Vessel arrived here from Fyfe, the Master of which informs, that just before he left that Place, a Ship came in from Hamburg, and brought Advice, that there was a great Prospect of War in a very short Time.

#### ANNAPOLIS.

Saturday last arrived in Patuxent River, the Ship Diamond, Capt. Hutchinson, from London; with whom came Passenger, Mr. JAMES RUSSELL, Merchant.

Capt. Hutchinson brings Word, that the Captain Cockson and Chew were to sail the 20th of April, and that Governor SHARPE was to embark on board the former.

The Managers of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY hereby give Notice, That as some of the Tickets are dispersed to distant Places, and an Account of the Sales thereof not yet returned to the respective Managers, and a few yet remain in their Hands unsold; therefore the Drawing of the same, which was advertised to be on the 4th Day of June next, is appointed to begin on the 10th Day of July ensuing; and all those Gentlemen to whose Care Tickets have been recommended, and are not disposed of, are desired to return the same by the last of June, to the several Managers.

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, Entered, Brig Nancy, William Strachan, from Antigua.

#### Cleared for Departure.

Sloop Friendship, Walter Cummings, for Barbadoes; Brig Endeavour, Richard Boone, for Barbadoes; Schooner Charles, Thomas Palmer, for Virginia; Brig Grove, Robert Wilton, for London.

To be SOLD cheap,

**A LARGE new COPPER KETTLE**, which holds about 90 Gallons; also large Iron bound BUTTS holding about 300 Gallons each. Enquire of the Printer hereof. *Mr. H. Delany*

**COMMITTED** to the Sheriff of Anne Arundel County, as a Runaway, one Lawrence Dennis, who says, that he Indented himself to one Dr. M'Williams, of St. Mary's County.

His Master may have him again, on Application, paying the Fees, and the Charge of this Advertisement.

**RAN away from the Ship Loyal Judith**, Capt. Malachy Foot Commander, now lying in Patuxent River, three Sailors; viz.

James Youbanks, a middle sized Man, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, a brown Complexion, long Visage, marked with the Small Pox, and about 33 Years of Age.

Hans Miegel, a Dutchman, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, a brown Complexion, thin Visage, and about 30 Years of Age.

John Craddock, a slight young Man, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, with a swarthy Complexion, a small Cast with his Eyes, and about 20 Years of Age.

They took from the Ship a Norway Yawl, painted red and yellow, with Mast, Sails, Oars, Rudder, and Tiller; also 1 Muffet, about 20 lb. of Bread with a Bag, a dried Ham, and some Pieces of Beef.

Whoever apprehends the said Sailors, or any of them, so that they may be brought to Justice, shall be entitled to a Reward of Three Pistoles for each, to be paid by the said Captain, or

*David Arnold,*  
at Lower Marlborough.

Whoever takes up the said Boat, and gives Notice thereof to the said Captain, shall receive a Pistole Reward.

Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Timothy Whitehead, on Bennett's Creek, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a small Black Horse, has a large Scar pretty high on his Forehead, two Saddle Spots on his Back, is branded on the near Buttock with something like this P and on the near Shoulder with a sloping Brand near 7 Inches long, which has three Strokes across it, and a small Fork to one end of each Stroke, paces slow, and draws well.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

May 23, 1753.

**RAN away from the Ship Loyal Judith**, Capt. Malachy Foot Commander, now lying in Patuxent River, three Indented Servants; viz.

John Archer, about 5 Feet 2 Inches high, a pale Complexion; a strong well set Man, and is of a good Behaviour. Had on when he went away, a light colour'd Coat; Leather Breeches, and a dark Wig. It is supposed he has a forged Pais.

John Wildon, a House Carpenter and Joiner, a lusty well made Man, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. Had on when he went away, a blue Jacket and red Breeches.

Thomas Smith, a Cook, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high; he has a light colour'd Coat, and black Jacket; but it is supposed he travels in a Sailor's Habit.

It is imagined they will make for Philadelphia, as Wildon has been in the Country before, and knows the Road that Way.

Whoever takes up the said Runaways, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each, beside what the Law allows, paid by

*David Arnold,*  
at Lower Marlborough.

May 10, 1753.

**RAN away, on Tuesday last, a**

Servant Man named William Beall, a Gardener by Trade; is a short thick well set Fellow, with a full broad Face, of a pale swarthy Complexion, with brown Hair, and light Hazel Eyes; he has a Scar or Dent on his right Jaw, and a Sore on his right Leg; and has also several Marks of Correction upon his Back, which were given him for running away before: He was born at Whitehaven, in the North of England, speaks very slow, and is a very palavering Fellow.

Whoever takes him up, and brings him to the Subscriber at Bladenburg, shall receive a Pistole Reward; and if taken fifty Miles from home, Two Pistoles Reward; to be paid by

*David Ross.*

N. B. He has run away three Times, and was taken up every Time in Kent County.

**RAN away from Capt. William Tiptell**, sometime in March last, the two following Servants, viz.

George Godfrey, a Scotchman, about 25 or 26 Years of Age, of a swarthy Complexion, is pitted with the Small Pox, and of a middle Stature: Had on when he went away, an old Waistcoat, Check Shirt, and Trowsers.

John Williams, about the same Age, a Leather Breeches Maker, and is a short well-set Fellow: Had on a Coat made of Drillings, and a Wig: They pass for Sailors that have been cast away; and were seen at St. Jerome's, in St. Mary's County; and it is supposed they are gone towards York, in Virginia.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, and secures them, so that they may be had again, shall have Two Pistoles Reward for each, besides what the Law allows, paid by

*Samuel Galloway.*

To be Sold by Public Vendue,

At Upper-Marlborough, at the House of Mr. Benjamin Barry, on Wednesday the 27th of June next,

**THE following Tracts of Land**, lying in Frederick County; viz.

One Tract, called Gordon's Purchase, containing 150 Acres.

One Tract, called Exchange, containing 700 Acres.

Also, A Lease for three Lives of a Tract of Land, called Fountain Rock Marsh, containing 500 Acres, being Part of his Lordship's Manor, lying in the said County, paying a yearly Quit Rent of Fifty Shillings Sterling.

Credit will be given (if required), for one half of the Purchase Money: For Title and other Terms, enquire of

*James Dick.*

Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. Caleb Dorsey, at Elk Ridge, taken up as a Stray, a middle sized Skewbald Horse, branded on the near Buttock I R, or H R, has a white Face, hanging Mane, short Sprig Tail, four white Feet, and paces slow.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

For LONDON Directly,



The Ship INDUSTRY,  
SAMUEL WOOD  
Commanders

Now lying in Patuxent River,

**TAKES** on board

TOBACCO, on Freight, at Six Pounds Sterling per Ton, consigned to Mr. John Hanbury, or any other Merchant in London. She is British built, and not two Years old.

Conformable to LAW,

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That

there is at the Plantation of Benjamin Hewitt, living in the Swamp near West River, taken up as a Stray, a middle sized Black Horse, has lost his left Eye, and is neither dock'd nor branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

**JAMES HUTCHINGS,**

Living at Cow Pen Point, on Kent Island,

**HEREBY** acquaints the Public; That he will now Ferry over to Annapolis, a single Horse and Man in one Boat for Twelve Shillings and Six pence; a single Man for Seven and Six pence; and if more than one, then at Five Shillings a Piece. Having good Boats and Hands; and constant Attendance is given, and Gentlemen may have good Entertainment for themselves, Servants, and Horses, as usual, from

Their humble Servant,

*James Hutchings.*

To be Sold by the said Hutchings, a good SAILING BOAT, 21 Feet

Keel, 8 Feet Beam, and near 4 Feet deep, with Sails and Rigging.

**THIS** is to give Notice to the

Inhabitants of Anne Arundel County, That as the Time by Law is expired for paying off their Dues at 12 s. 6 d. per Hundred for Tobacco; and that now the Time limited by Law for paying their Tobacco draws nigh, the Subscriber requests and desires all Gentlemen, Rich and Poor, to make their Payments accordingly; and further, that every Person will take upon him so much Trouble as to bring or send his Inspector's Note or Notes, by some Friend or other, that they may have a Receipt under my own Hand, which will prevent all Disputes and Controversies hereafter; for I should be sorry to have any Difference with any Man, occasioned by the Mistakes of any of my Sub Sheriffs: And the little Trouble of one Day's Ride, once or twice a Year, would effectually prevent it, and be to their Content and Satisfaction, as well as that of,

Their humble Servant,

*Nathan Hammond, Sheriff.*

N. B. Attendance is constantly given at my Office in Annapolis, on Wednesdays and Thursdays as usual.

*N. H.*

**COMMITTED** to the Sher-

riff of Anne Arundel County, as a Runaway, a NEGRO MAN, who says his Name is Charles. He speaks bad English, says he came across the Bay in a Canoe, and that he Messer Name Thomas.

His Master may have him again, on Application, paying the Fees, and the Charge of this Advertisement.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, That

the Subscriber, living on Susquehanna, within a Mile of the Lower Ferry, has set up the Invention of Turning of Mill Irons, and Grinding of Axes, by Water: And makes or repairs either of those Articles, very cheap, for ready Money, Wheat, London Steel, or Feathers: and will engage to make as good and substantial Work, well steel'd and turn'd off, after the best Manner, as can be done in Philadelphia, or any where else: His Work to be delivered either at Charles Town Wharf, or at the said Ferry, as his Employers shall direct, Their humble Servant,

*AMOS EVANS.*

3 ANY Person qualified for the Station of MATE of a SHIP, in the London Trade, who can be well recommended, may hear of a good Birth, by enquiring of  
*Samuel Galloway.*

JUST IMPORTED,  
In the EAGLE, Capt. JOHN WHITE, from LONDON, and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store in ANNAPOLIS, at very little Profit either Wholesale or Retail, for Bills of Exchange, Gold, Silver, Paper Money, or Tobacco.

4 A LARGE Assortment of European and East India GOODS, Sail Cloth of all Sorts, Anchors of all Sizes from half a hundred to seven hundred, Cables, running Rigging, Bolt Rope, Sail Twine, all Kinds of Lines, and Ship Chandlery: Also several Parcels of Cutlery, sorted in Boxes, of about 16 l. prime Cost.  
*Stephen West.*

X 4 STOLEN or Strayed on the 10th of November last, from the Subscriber's Quarter, near Mr. William Harrison's, in Calvert County, a small Dark Chestnut Sorrel Gelding, 5 Years old, with a Switch Tail, hanging Mane, has a sway Back, and branded D L, part of one of his hind Feet white, and has a small Star in his Forehead; and have great Reason to believe he is in Baltimore County.

Whoever informs the Subscriber where the said Gelding may be had again, shall have Ten Shillings, if in this County; if in Anne Arundel County, Fifteen Shillings; and if in any other County, Thirty Shillings; and upon Conviction of the Thief, Five Pounds.

*Thomas Reynolds.*

4 STRAYED away from the Plantation of the Subscriber, within a Mile of the Eastern Branch Ferry, a middle fix'd Black Horse, branded on the near Buttock C, about 4 Years old; and had a Bridle and Saddle on when he strayed away. Also strayed from the same Plantation, a large Dark Bay Mare, with a large Star in her Forehead, a small Snip on her Nole, about 4 Years old, has Saddle Spots on each Side, and has a very round Forehead; when she first strayed away she had Shoes on her fore Feet.

Whoever will bring them to the Subscriber, shall receive Twenty Shillings Currency Reward.

*Jonathan Nixon.*

4 STRAYED away from Patrick Beall, living at Rock Creek in Frederick County, about the last of February, a likely Bay Horse, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock W Y, with a Blaze in his Face, has three white Feet, a black Mane and Tail, and paces slow.

Whoever informs the Owner of the said Horse where he may be had again, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

5 WHEREAS Madam Margaret Ward, deceased, by her last Will, did devise One hundred Pounds Sterling to such of her Relations on the Western Shore as Richard Bennett, Esq; deceased, should direct; and in Case he should die before the Payment thereof, then to such of her Relations as I should direct; and as Mr. Bennett did not direct to whom the said Money should be paid, and as it is unknown to me who of her Relations are in the most necessitous Condition; these are, therefore, to desire her said Relations to repair to me, at Annapolis, in the second Week of the next General Assembly, in order that I may direct the Payment of the said Money, as near as may be, according to the Intent of the Testatrix.

*Edward Lloyd.*

To be Sold by the Subscriber in BALTIMORE TOWN,

5 A NEGRO GIRL about 16 or 17 Years of Age, Barbados born, is seasoned to this Climate, and has had the Small Pox; she is expert at the Needle, and can do any Sort of Household Work. Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Negro Girl, may apply to  
*Michael Hubbert.*

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on Patuxent River in Baltimore County, the following Servants; viz.

A Convict Man named Isaac Gingle, a Farmer, born in the West of England, speaks bad English, and very quick: He had on a blue Jacket, his other Cloaths but indifferent; he has a stooping Walk, and a swarthy Complexion. He went away the last Day of July past.

Thomas Brown, who ran away in December last, by Trade a Brickmaker, and was since taken up at Potowmack, but since made his Escape; he is about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, about 50 Years old, his Hair black, mix'd with some white Hair: He had on a brown Jacket, an old Check Shirt, Leather Breeches, Negro Shoes; he was on the Expedition against Canada, talks much, loves Drink, sings, and is very active and nimble.

Edward Meacham, who ran away last March, is a Convict Servant, has been several Years in the Country, is about 40 Years of Age, pretends to be a Schoolmaster, and where he is not known may set up for a Parson or Preacher: He is about five Feet six Inches high, had on a brown Jacket, an Osnabrigs Shirt, Worsted Cap, Leather Breeches, and channel'd Pumps.

William Fitch, a Convict, who ran away with the abovementioned Meacham, is a luffy Fellow, of a black Complexion, is hard of hearing, has a fore Leg, and has been in the Army many Years, but knows very little of any Kind of Work. He had on a white Cotton Jacket and Breeches, an Osnabrigs Shirt, and Channel'd Pumps.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, or any of them, and will bring them to the Subscriber, shall have Six Pounds Reward for each.

5 *John Metcalfe.*

## S C H E M E OF A L O T T E R Y,

For raising the Sum of THREE HUNDRED PISTOLES, for purchasing a TOWN CLOCK, and cleaning and securing the DOCK, in ANNAPOLIS.

| Numb. of Prizes. | Value in Pistoles. | Total. |
|------------------|--------------------|--------|
| 1 of 100 is      | 100                | 100    |
| 2 of 50 are      | 100                | 100    |
| 4 of 30 are      | 120                | 120    |
| 6 of 20 are      | 120                | 120    |
| 8 of 10 are      | 80                 | 80     |
| 55 of 4 are      | 220                | 220    |
| 175 of 2 are     | 350                | 350    |
| 900 of 1 are     | 900                | 900    |
| 1 first drawn    | 5                  | 5      |
| 1 last drawn     | 5                  | 5      |
| 1153 Prizes,     | 13                 | 2000   |
| 3447 Blanks      |                    |        |

4600 Tickets, at Half a Pistole each, amount to 2300 Pistoles, from which deduct 300, there will remain to pay off the Prizes, 2000 Pistoles.

The Drawing to begin on the 4th Day of June next, or sooner, if sooner full, in the Court House, at Annapolis, in the Presence of at least three of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall think fit to attend; and continue Drawing 'til finish'd.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the Maryland Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is completed, that the Adventurers may know the Fate of their Tickets.

The Money to be paid to the Fortunate as soon as the Drawing is finish'd; and all Prizes not demanded in eight Months after Drawing, to be deemed as generously given for the above Purposes.

The Managers appointed, are Benjamin Tasker, jun. George Stewart, Walter Dulany, and Edward Dorsey, Esqrs. Dr. Alexander Hamilton, Messieurs Robert Swan, Lancelot Jacques, William Reynolds, Samuel Soumain, Beale Bordley, James Maccubbin, James Johnson, and Jonas Green, who have given Security, and are upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

The Whole to be conducted, as near as may be in the same Manner as the State Lotteries in England.

Tickets to be had of any of the Managers.

BROKE loose from the Subscriber's Landing, about 5 Miles below Fishing Creek, in Calvert County, on Sunday the 26th of November last, the Wind at S. W. a large Canoe, she has been split along her Bottom, has two Seats, two new row Locks of Locus nailed to her Bottom and Sides, and lashed with Drum Line, two new Dovetails of white Oak on the Outside of her Bottom, has five or six Knees, has been newly trimmed with new Boards, nailed on the Outside of her Bottom, and had a Piece of Bed Cord for her Painter.

Whoever brings the said Canoe to Capt. William Elliott's, near the lower End of Kent Island, or to Mr. James Hutchings's, near the upper End, shall have Fifteen Shillings; or to the Subscriber, shall have Twenty Shillings.

*Thomas Reynolds.*

Patuxent Iron Works, March 13, 1753.  
WHEREAS the Time limited by Law, for the Inspection of Tobacco, will expire this present Year, without it should be renewed by the Legislative Power; and as that is uncertain, I do hereby give this timely Notice to all Persons whatever, that are indebted to me, in any Sum or Quantity of Tobacco, That they do take Care to discharge the same, by the first Day of June next ensuing, at farthest; and if any Persons do neglect to make their Payments by the Time aforesaid, they may depend, I shall put such Debts in Suit, to prevent Loss to myself and Family.

*Richard Snowden.*

CHARLES WALLACE,  
STAY-MAKER,

Lately removed to the House near the Church in ANNAPOLIS, where Mrs. Minskie formerly kept Tavern,

MAKES all Sorts of STAYS, in as neat a manner, and as cheap as can be procured from London, having several good Workmen bred to the Business in London, and large Quantities of Whalebone, Tabby, Silk, and every other Material for carrying on the Business, purchased at the best Hand: It will certainly be more advantageous for the Ladies to have their Stays made here, in the Country, than to send for them, for they will run no Risque, may be sooner supplied, as cheap or cheaper, and better fitted, by  
*Their humble Servant,*

*Charles Wallace.*

N. B. He also keeps Tavern in the said House, where any Gentlemen who us'd to frequent the same, or Others, may be well accommodated, and their Horses well taken Care of. He has good Beds, and the best and Variety of Liquors, &c.

Charles-Town, Maryland, March 1, 1753.

THE Subscriber having erected a Distillery here, makes and sells RUM as good as any made on the Continent, at Two Shillings and Seven Pence per Gallon, by the Hog-head; and will take in pay, Pistoles weighing four Penny weight Six Grains, at 27 s. Mill'd Dollars at 7 s. 6 d. each; and Pennsylvania Money equal to Maryland Money. Any Person wanting Copper Stills of any Size, with Pewter or Copper Worms, may be supplied, at Seven Shillings and Six Pence per Gallon, by  
*Peacock Bigger.*

Said Bigger has a likely Negro Wench to dispose of, about 20 Years of Age, who can sew, wash, and iron well, and do House Work.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Master in Queen Anne's County School: Any Person professing himself a Member of the Church of England, and capable of teaching Grammar, Mathematics, Arithmetic, and good Writing, applying to the Visitors of said School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free Schools will support them in.

Signed per Order,

*Nathan Wright, Reg.*

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-MASTER, at his Office in Charles-street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this PAPER; and where ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and a Shilling per Week after for Continuance: And BOOK-BINDING is performed in the neatest Manner.